

## Video Article

# **Trypsinizing and Subculturing Mammalian Cells**

Richard Ricardo<sup>1</sup>, Katy Phelan<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Molecular Pathology Laboratory Network, Inc

URL: https://www.jove.com/video/755

DOI: doi:10.3791/755

Keywords: Basic Protocols, Issue 16, Current Protocols Wiley, Cell Culture, Cell Passaging, Trypsinizing Cells, Adherent Cells, Suspension Cells

Date Published: 6/12/2008

Citation: Ricardo, R., Phelan, K. Trypsinizing and Subculturing Mammalian Cells. J. Vis. Exp. (16), e755, doi:10.3791/755 (2008).

## **Abstract**

As cells reach confluency, they must be subcultured or passaged. Failure to subculture confluent cells results in reduced mitotic index and eventually in cell death. The first step in subculturing is to detach cells from the surface of the primary culture vessel by trypsinization or mechanical means. The resultant cell suspension is then subdivided, or reseeded, into fresh cultures. Secondary cultures are checked for growth and fed periodically, and may be subsequently subcultured to produce tertiary cultures. The time between passaging of cells varies with the cell line and depends on the growth rate.

## Video Link

The video component of this article can be found at https://www.jove.com/video/755/

#### **Protocol**

The complete text protocol for this experimental approach is available in Current Protocols in Cell Biology.

## **Disclosures**

The authors have nothing to disclose.